



Biogeochemical regional models

Operational forecasts of the biogeochemical state of
Mediterranean Sea

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Workshop

"COASTAL OBSERVING AND FORECASTING SYSTEMS, TODAY & TOMORROW"

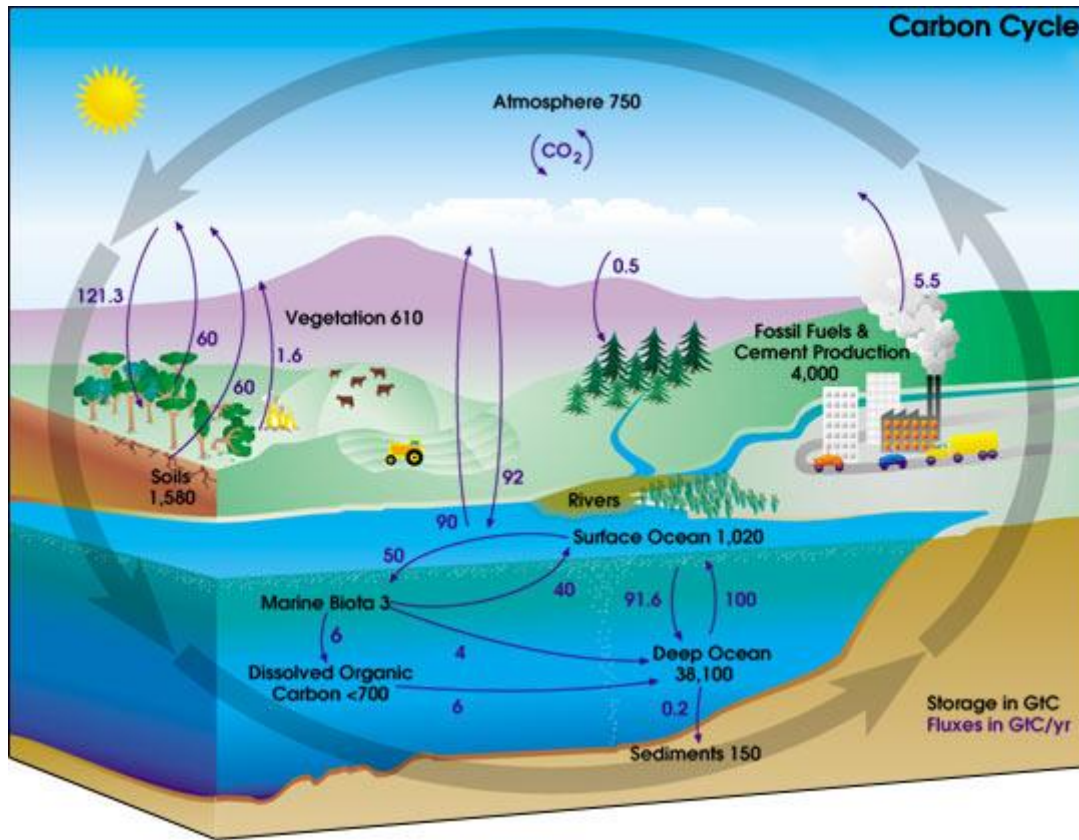
Livorno, April 18-19, 2012



Outline

- Why biogeochemical modelling?
- OGS OPATM-BFM model
- Operational forecast of the biogeochemical state of the Mediterranean Sea
- MyOcean projects (1 & 2) and OPEC project
- Achievements
- Conclusions and future work

Biogeochemical cycles

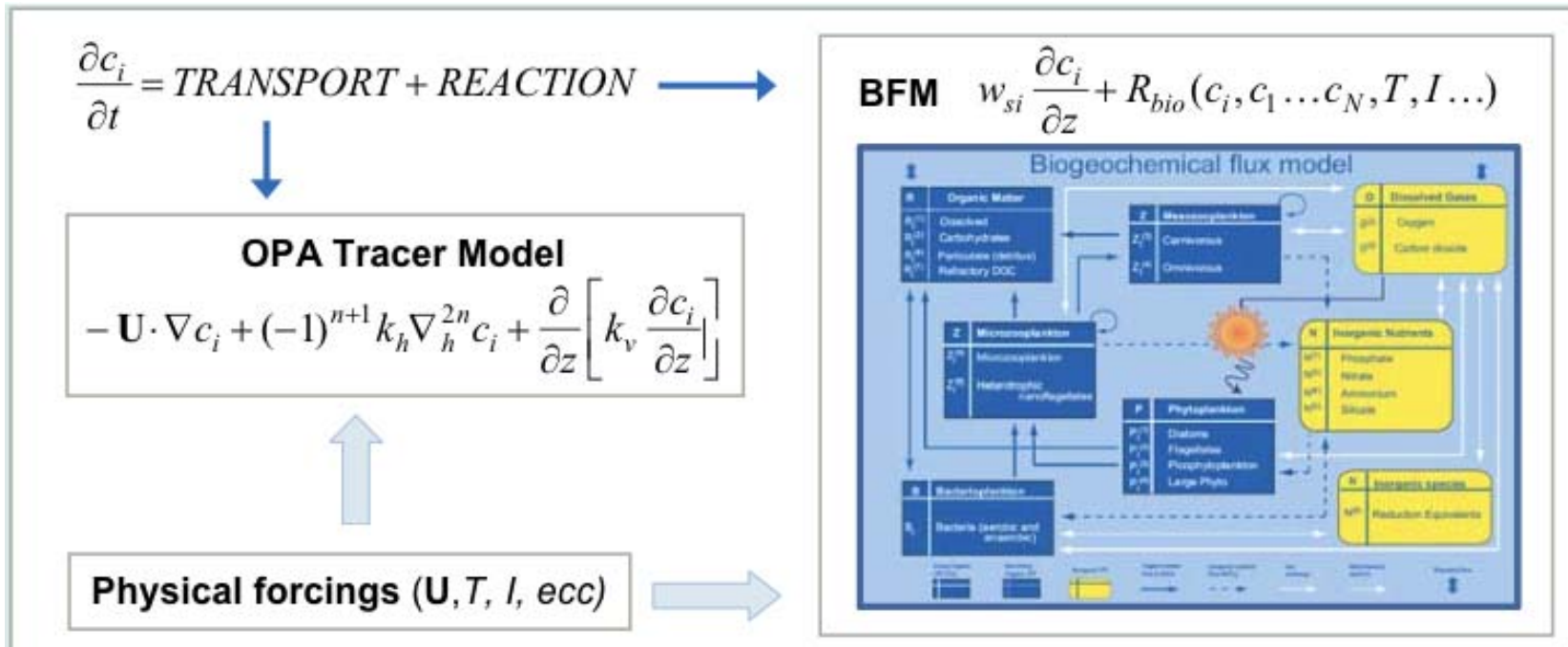


BIOGEOCHEMICAL cycles describe the fluxes of one or more elements (**CHEM**) through the different phases inside the biotic (**BIO**) or abiotic (**GEO**) compartments

Uses of marine biogeochemical models

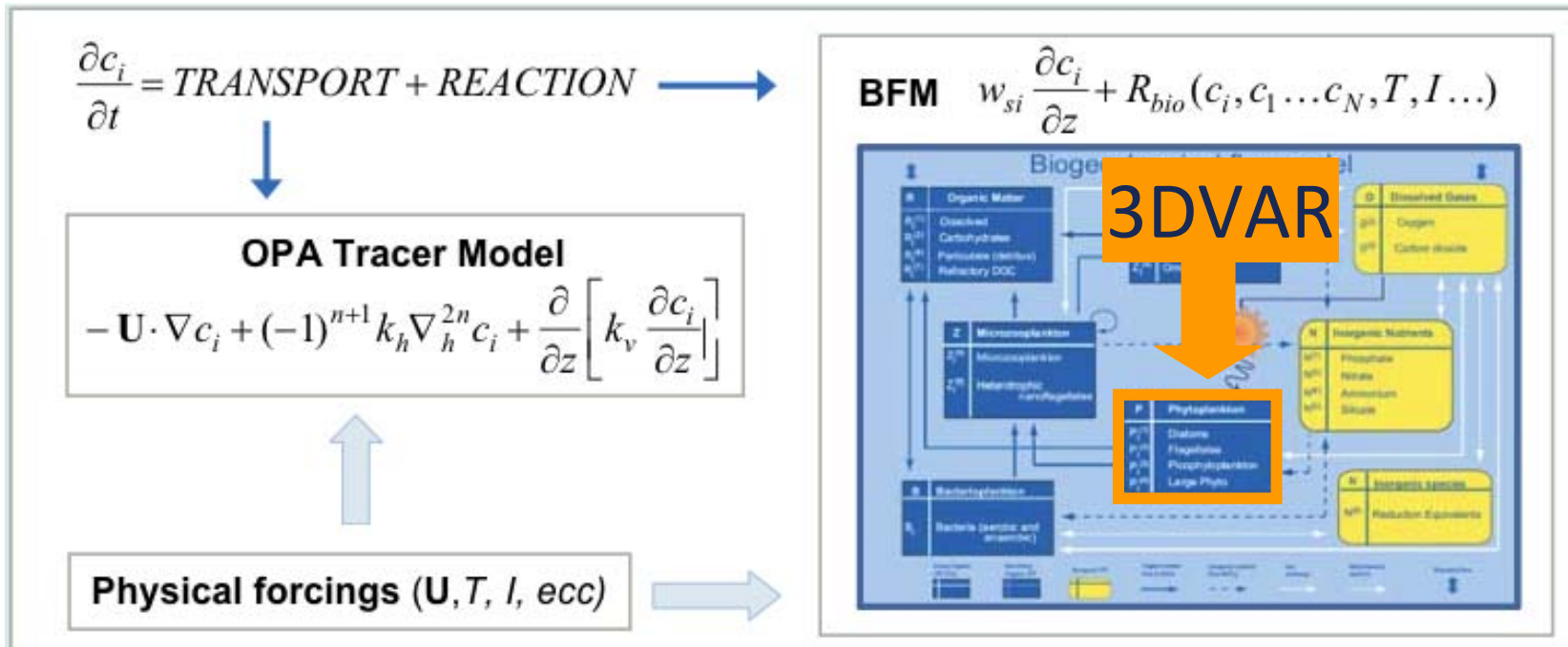
- ❑ BGC models are tools for understanding and prediction (as the *ultimate stage* of understanding)
- ❑ BGC models provide an ideal representation of reality which:
 - can be used as a reference term for identification of anomalies
 - helps to discriminate core processes against non essential ones
 - force scientists to exactly define the processes they are considering
 - helps the understanding of a system
- ❑ BGC models can be applied to spatial scales from global to local and temporal scales from climatic to short term - of course, different applications call for different models
- ❑ BGC models can be used:
 - to create *scenarios* to evaluate potential consequences of implementation of alternative environmental management policies (links to eutrophication, water quality, pollution, aquaculture, fishery, climate change ...)
 - as a best (optimal) interpolation of (usually scarce) experimental observations
 - to provide short-term forecast of the BGC state (in progress)

Model configuration: OPATM-BFM scheme



- ❑ Horiz. Res. = $1/8^\circ$
- ❑ Vert. Res. = 43/72 levels
- ❑ Time Res. = 1800 s
 - ❑ 1 year simulated in 4-7 hours
 - ❑ Output save 10 days

Model configuration: OPATM-BFM scheme + DA



- ❑ Horiz. Res. = $1/8^\circ$
- ❑ Vert. Res. = 43/72 levels
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- ❑ 1 year simulated in 4-7 hours
- ❑ Output save 10 days

OPATM-BFM agreement with *in situ* observations

**Lazzari et al.,
Biogeosciences, 9,
2012 :**

Regional average of net primary production climatology presented as annual values and for shorter specific periods.

Values in brackets for annual values indicate seasonal (left hand side) and inter-annual variance (right hand side). Values in brackets for shorter specific periods indicate inter-annual variance.

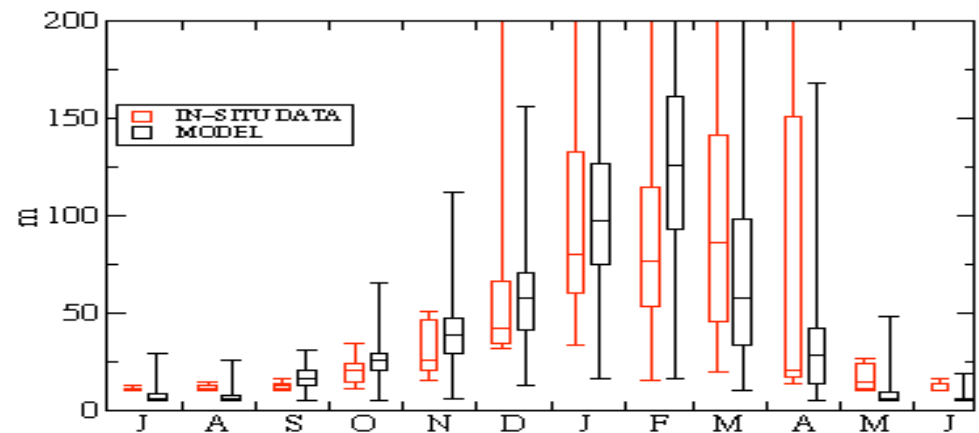
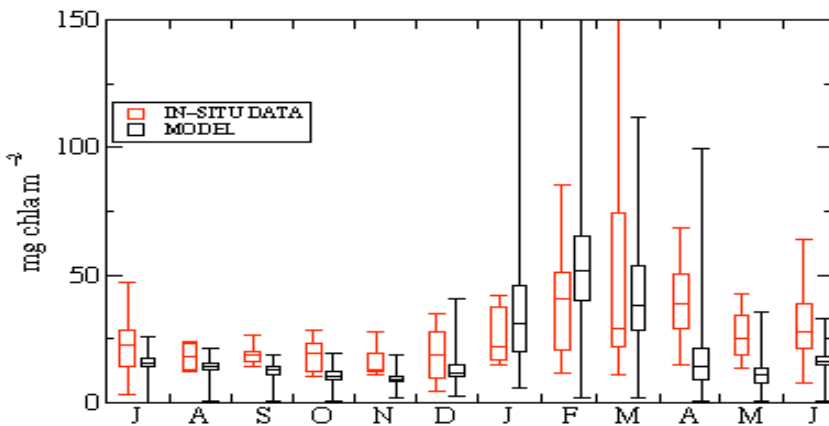
References: (a) Crispi et al. (2002), (b) Allen et al. (2002), (c) Napolitano et al. (2000), (d) Colella (2006), (e) Sournia et al. (1973), (f) Marty and Chiaverini (2002), (g) Boldrin et al. (2002), (h) Moutin and Raimbault (2002), (i) Macias et al. (2009), (j) Lohrenz et al. (2003), (k) Moran and Estrada (2001), (l) Granata et al. (2004), (m) Bosc et al. (2004), (n) Conan et al. (1998).

	Climatology/All seasonal cycle ($\text{gC m}^{-2} \text{yr}^{-1}$)					Specific periods ($\text{mgC m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}$)	
	OPATM-BFM REF	Other models	Satellite model ^(d)	Other satellite models	In situ	OPATM-BFM REF	In situ
Mediterranean (MED)	98 ($\pm 82/\pm 5$)	–	90 ($\pm 48/\pm 3$)	135 ^(m)	80–90 ^(e)	–	–
Western basin (WES)	131 ($\pm 98/\pm 6$)	120 ^(a)	112 ($\pm 65/\pm 7$)	163 ^(m)	–	430 (± 258)	> 350 ^(h) (May–Jun)
Eastern basin (EAS)	76 ($\pm 60/\pm 5$)	56 ^(a)	76 ($\pm 20/\pm 2$)	121 ^(m)	–	200 (± 107)	150–450 ^(h) (May–Jun)
Alboran Sea (ALB)	274 ($\pm 155/\pm 11$)	24–207 ^(b)	179 ($\pm 116/\pm 13$)	–	–	545 (± 321)	6–644 ⁽ⁱ⁾ (Nov)
South West Med (SWW)	160 ($\pm 89/\pm 8$)	24–207 ^(b)	113 ($\pm 43/\pm 6$)	–	–	570 (± 233)	299–1288 ^(j) (May)
South West Med (SWE)	118 ($\pm 70/\pm 13$)	–	102 ($\pm 38/\pm 4$)	–	–	447 (± 164)	> 450 ^(h) (May–Jun)
North West Med (NWM)	116 ($\pm 79/\pm 6$)	32–273 ^(b)	115 ($\pm 67/\pm 8$)	–	86–232 ^(d) 140–150 ⁽ⁿ⁾	600 (± 290) 142 (± 96)	1000 ± 11 ^(k) (Mar) 211–249 ^(l) (Oct)
Tyrrhenian (TYR)	92 ($\pm 63/\pm 5$)	–	90 ($\pm 35/\pm 7$)	–	–	279 (± 118)	350–450 ^(h) (May–Jun)
Ionian (ION)	77 ($\pm 58/\pm 4$)	27–153 ^(b)	79 ($\pm 23/\pm 2$)	–	62 ^(g)	189 (± 99) 159 (± 68)	150–450 ^(h) (May–Jun) 186 ± 65 ^(g) (Aug)
Levantine (LEV)	76 ($\pm 61/\pm 5$)	97 ^(c) 36–158 ^(b)	72 ($\pm 21/\pm 2$)	–	–	208 (± 110)	150–250 ^(h) (May–Jun)

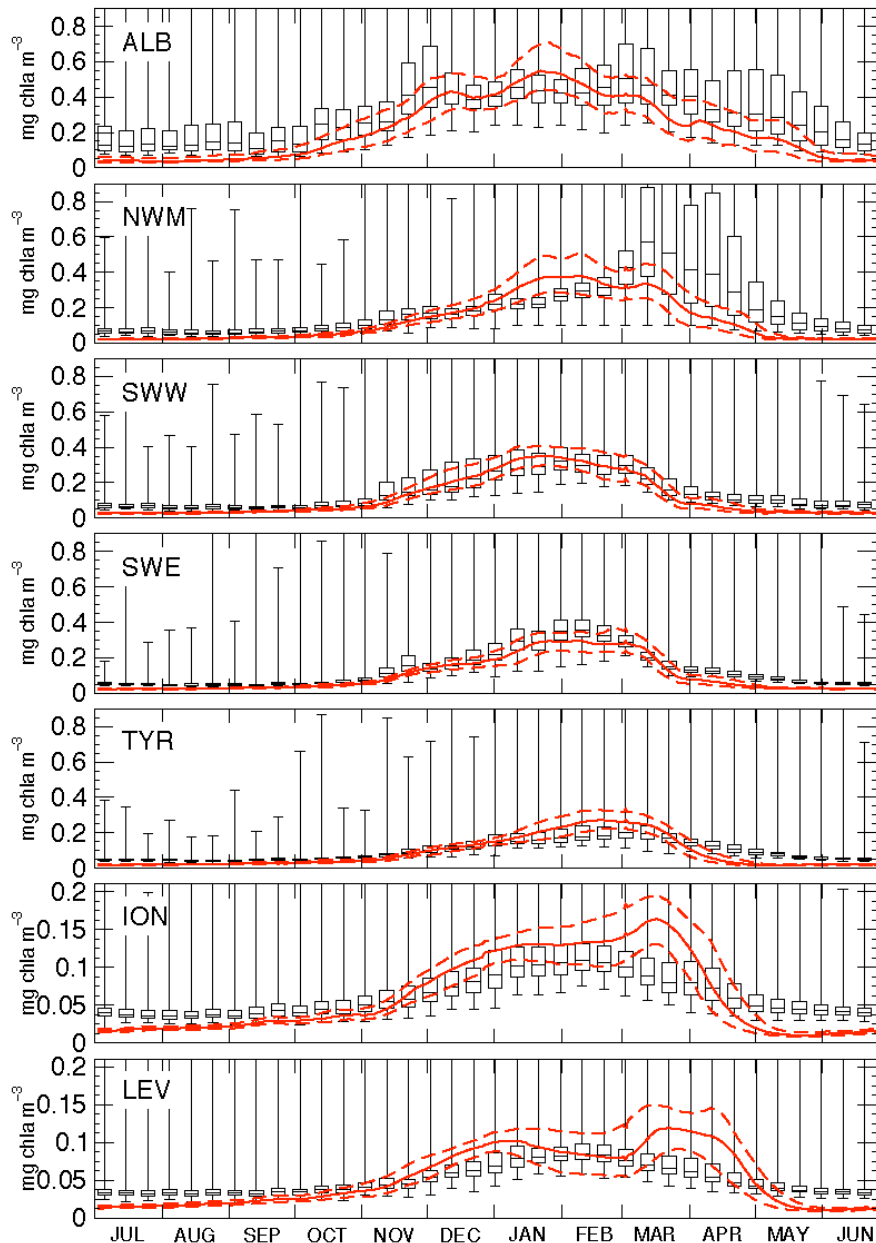
OPATM-BFM validation with *in situ* data (DYFAMED)

Climatology of chl a and MLD from *in situ* data (*sensu* D'Ortenzio et al., 2005)

MLD controlling mechanism for winter chl a accumulation

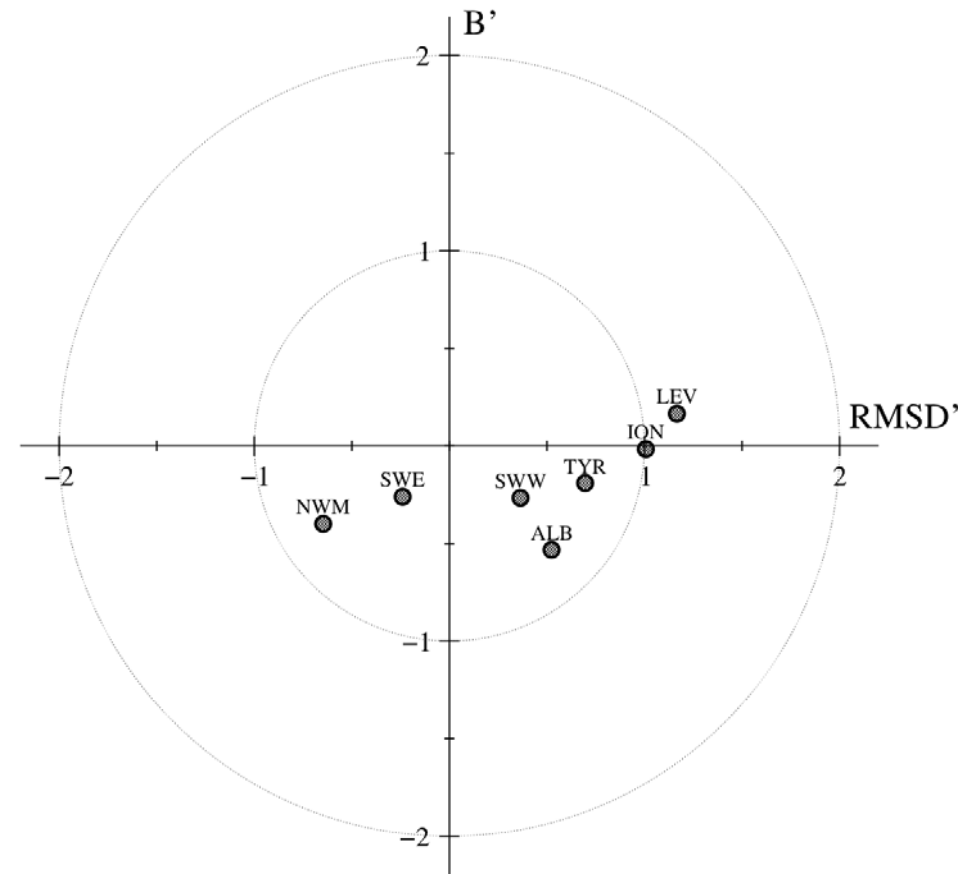


OPATM-BFM → temporal variability of chl vs SeaWiFS



Seasonal cycle 1999-2004

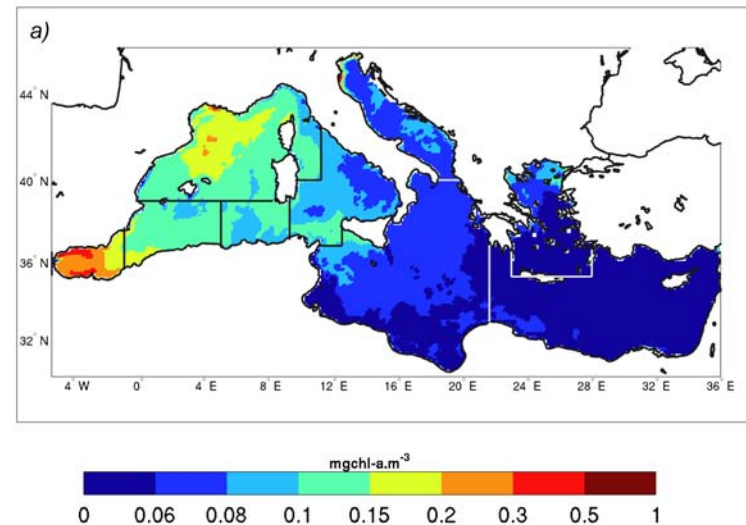
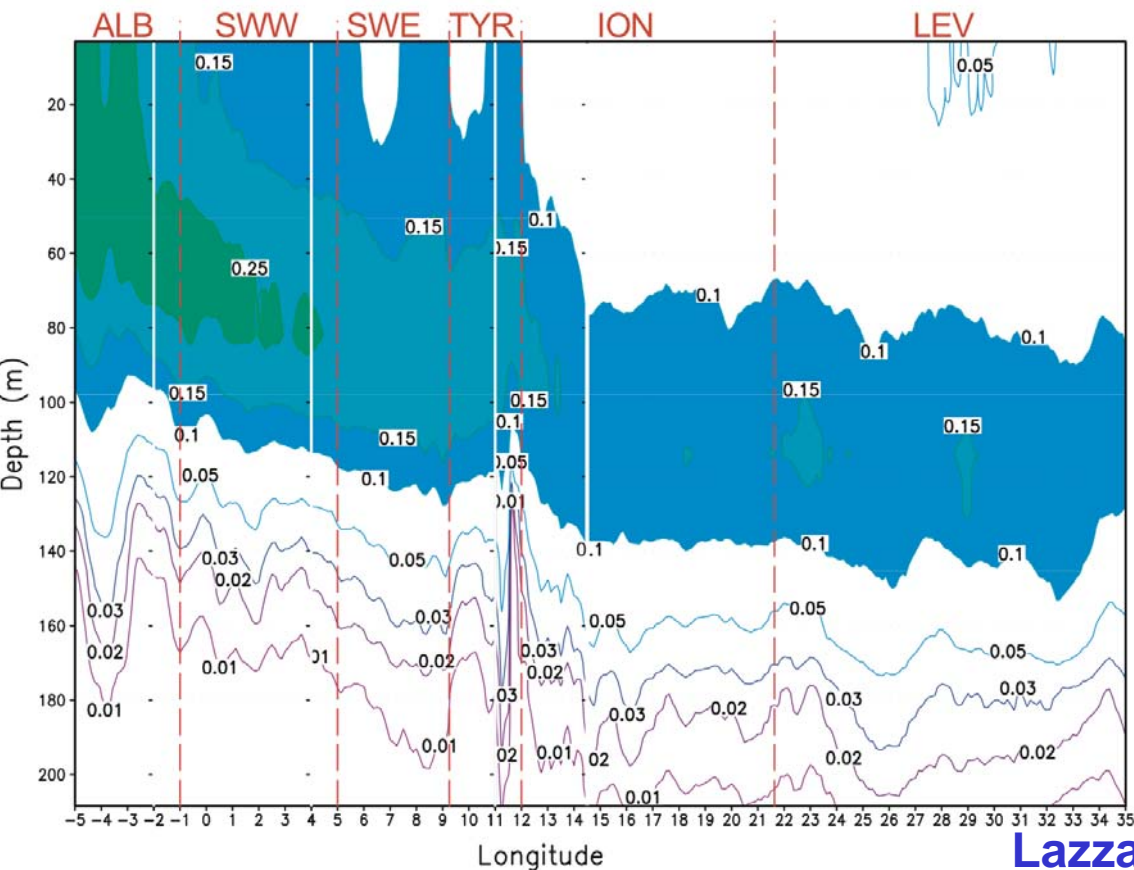
Target Diagram



OPATM-BFM → spatial variability of chl

Declining Deep Chlorophyll Maximum eastward

Well-known East-West Chlorophyll gradient



Operational forecast of biogeochemical state of Med Sea

- ❑ 2006-2009 **MERSEA-IP** FP6 project: 1st pre-operational automatic chain for weekly 10-day forecasts of the Med biogeochemistry (chl, nutrients) → delivered via OGS website
 - ❑ 2009-2012 **MyOcean** FP7 project: fully operational twice/week 10-day forecast integrated in the pan_EU MyO infrastructure → BGC products delivered via web catalogue + Data Assimilation
 - ❑ 2012-2014 **MyOcean 2** FP7 project: development of DA + refinement $1/8^\circ \rightarrow 1/16^\circ$ + 10 yrs re-analysis + CalVal activity to support MSFD directions (Good Environmental Status)
 - ❑ 2012-2014 **OPEC** FP7 project: towards regional Operational Ecology and Marine Ecosystem Forecasting (LTL ↔ HTL)
- ❑ **Numerical tool**: OPATM-BFM 3D parallel model off-line physics-biogeochemistry coupled, forced by physical fields provided by MFS-INGV OGCM and with surface chlorophyll assimilated from GOS-ISAC-CNR satellite data

OGS in MyOcean project

- ❑ fully operational + 3DVAR assimilation scheme of surface chl
- ❑ biogeochemical 10-day forecasts released on Wed and Sat
- ❑ **nominal products** = daily averaged 3D concentrations at 1/8° of chl, nutrients (nitrates and phosphates), oxygen, PP, phytoplankton biomass + 10yrs simulation (2001-2010)
- ❑ OPATM-BFM model embedded in the automatic operational chain implemented at CINECA → e-infrastructure involving OGS, CINECA, INGV (forcings) and GOS-ISAC-CNR (chl satellite obs.)
 - **CINECA upstream** = downloading of INGV physical forcing fields, data interpolation
 - **CINECA stream** = production (parallel)
 - **CINECA downstream** = products dissemination → [MyOcean web catalogue](#)
 - **OGS downstream** = local archive (whole output – 51vars), surface chl from model and satellite → non-parametric statistics for NRT comparison

OGS products in MyOcean



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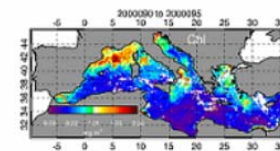
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WEATHER FORECASTING

Home > Products and services > Products > Access to catalogue > MyOcean interactive catalogue

DATA ACCESS



Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemistry Analysis (2001-2010)

Ecosystem - Generated using MyOcean Products

Access to data through MyOcean Catalogue

10 day Forecast starts every Tuesday
(READ MORE...)
3-4-2011 (Sat) 10:25:24 (UTC)

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

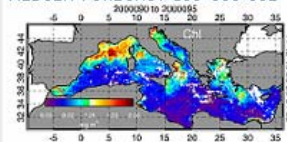
MYOCEAN INTERACTIVE CATALOGUE

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REFINE RESULTS

MEDSEA-FORECAST-BIO-006-002

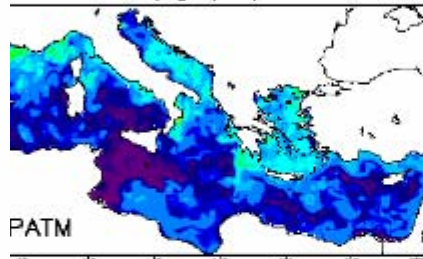


MEDITERRANEAN SEA BIOGEOCHEMISTRY FORECAST

The OPATM-BFM implemented by the OGS and running at CINECA provides 10 days of forecast of the Mediterranean Sea biogeochemistry, and in particular of the sea surface chlorophyll and nutrients concentration. V1 version includes phosphorous limitation and updated boundary conditions on rivers, climatological light extinction factor, atmospheric branch.

INFO

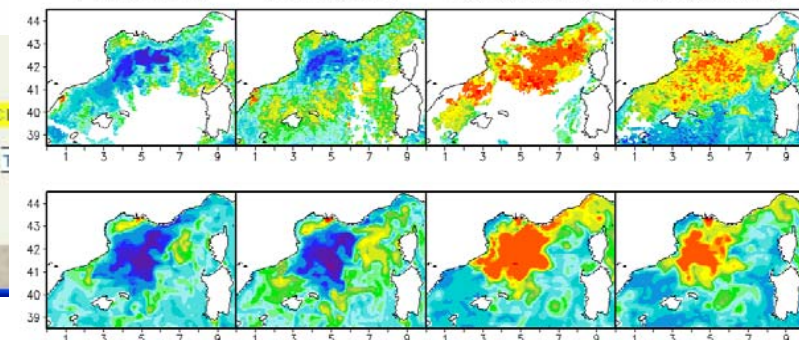
CHLOROPHYLL (mgChl/m3) 2011:3:28:12



PATM



14MAR2010 16MAR2010 23MAR2010 27MAR2010



Nominal product for biogeochemistry forecast in Med Sea + OGS web page + case studies + CalVal

<http://gnoo.bo.ingv.it/myocean/calval/bgc/>

Layout of the operational chain

- on Saturday at 12:00
 - 7 days of hindcast (using INGV analysis)
 - 10 days of forecast (using INGV forecast)
- on Wednesday at 12:00
 - 7 days of analysis (using INGV analysis and biogeochemical analysis, ICs via DA based on GOS-ISAC-CNR satellite chl)
 - 10 days of forecast (using INGV forecast)

Run execution



Saturday run



3DVAR scheme
using OC TAC data



Run execution

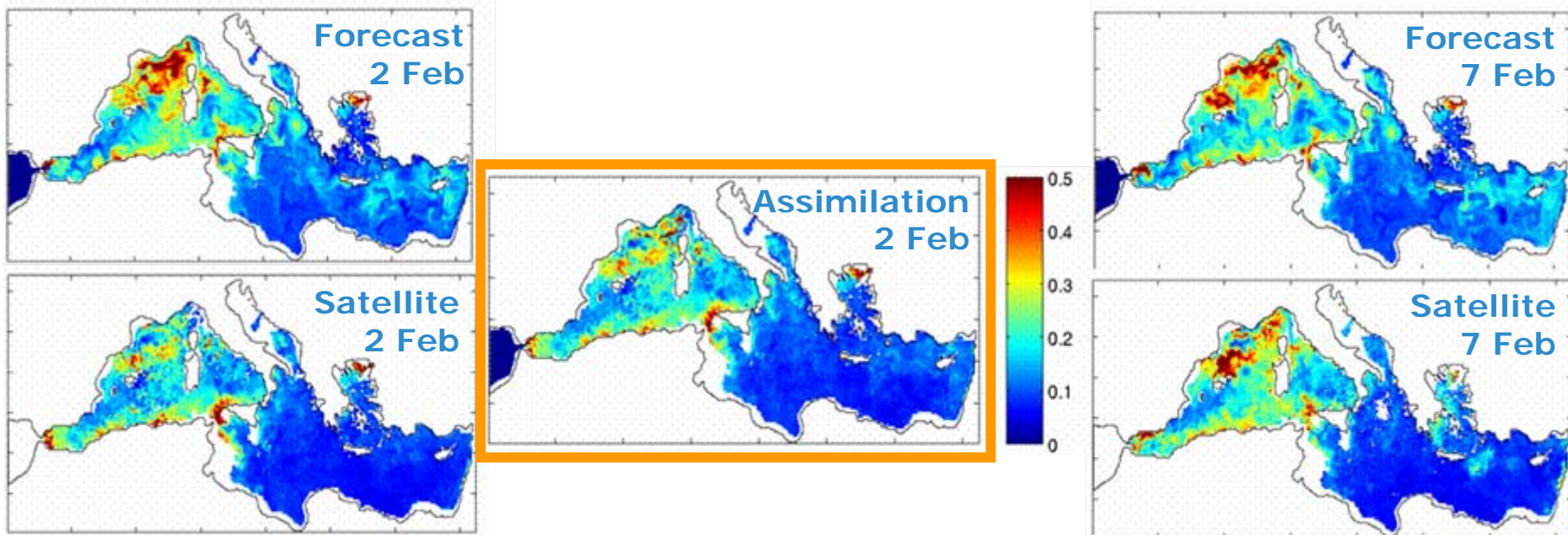


Wednesday run



Results of DA

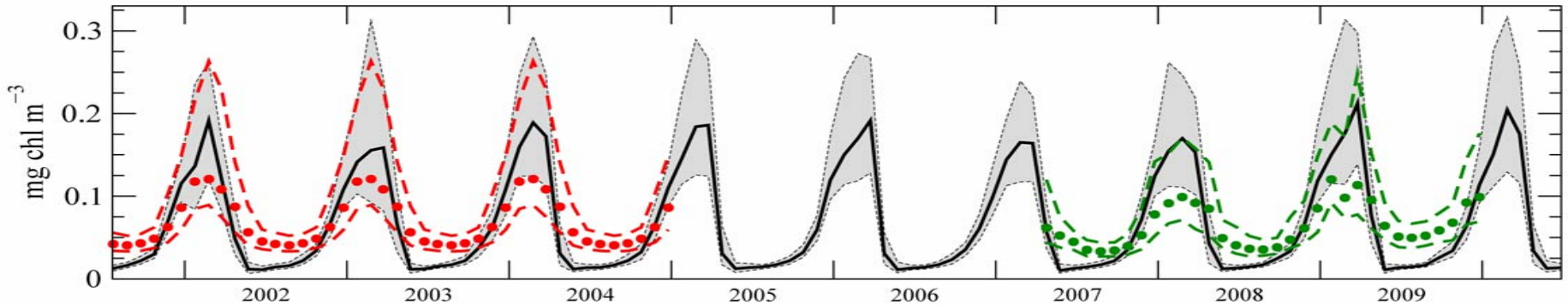
- DA scheme is based on 3DVAR (Dobricic & Pinardi, 2008)
- The DA postpones the start of the bloom in NWM, then model correctly reproduces the bloom in the next 5-day-period forecast
- New forecasts show a better consistency with short term evolution of satellite observations (timing and location of local blooms)
- Elongation of results temporal series will drive the MyO2 forecast system improvements



Results of 10yrs re-analysis

- **Period 2001-2010**
- **Physical forcings**
Analysis of the operational chain of Med_MFC-Currents model managed by INGV (daily means)
- **Boundary Conditions**
Climatological (Atmospheric + Terrestrial Inputs)
- **Light Extinction coefficient**
SeaWiFS dataset
- **Initial fields**
Uniform value for sub-basins (Medar-MedAtlas)
- **Mesh**
72 levels, 1/8° resolution

Results of 10yrs re-analysis



- ❑ Post-analysis run (**10 years**) concluded: 1st example of decadal simulation of Mediterranean Sea biogeochemistry
- ❑ Decadal cycle of spatially aggregated surface chlorophyll concentration for the Mediterranean Sea
 - ❑ Model monthly medians (**black line**)
 - ❑ SeaWiFS annual climatology median (**red dots**)
 - ❑ MODIS monthly medians (**green dots**)
 - ❑ The 25th and 75th percentiles are also plotted

Ricerca

In volo

In volo ad es. 41,889950 12,492483

Luoghi

- I miei luoghi
- [Tour panoramico](#)
Verifica che il livello Edifici 3D sia selezionato
- Luoghi temporanei
- [myov01-med-ogs-bio-forecast, pho](#)
Daily Means Mediterranean Sea Chlorophyll and Nutrients Concentration Forecast,
- Colour scale
- Elevation: -1.4721018075942993 m
- [myov01-med-ogs-bio-forecast, chl](#)
Daily Means Mediterranean Sea Chlorophyll and Nutrients Concentration Forecast,

Livelli

- Database principale
- Confini ed etichette
- Luoghi
- Foto
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- Galleria
- Consapevolezza globale
- Altro

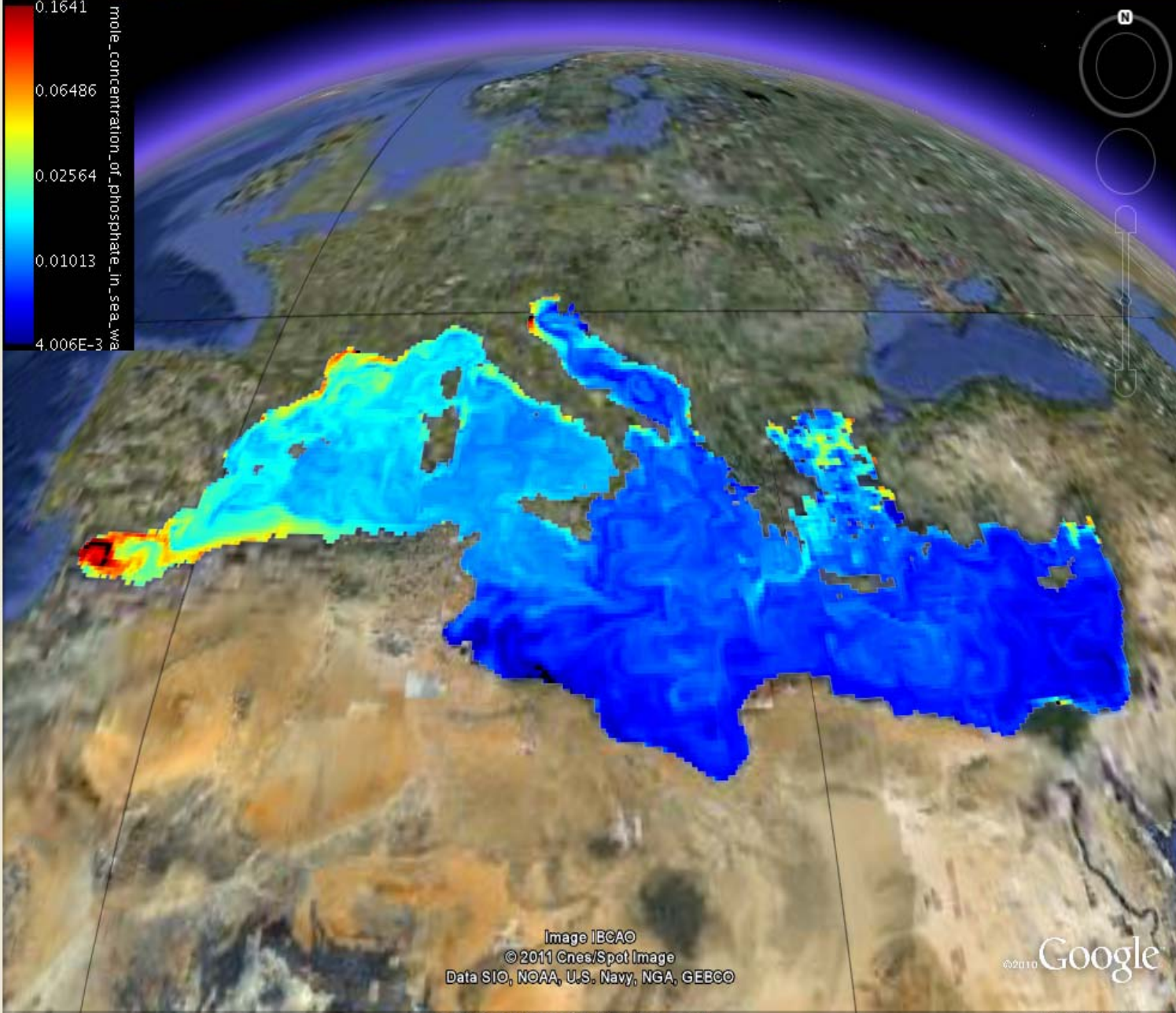


Image IBCAO
© 2011 Cnes/Spot Image
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

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37°18'56.86"N 15°09'54.42"E elev -927 m

Alt 3085.71 km

Conclusions and ongoing steps

- ❑ **OPATM-BFM model** as a general system to simulate biogeochemistry at different temporal/spatial scales \Rightarrow *reasonable and not trivial* effort to be applied at regional scales
- ❑ **MyO:**
 - ❑ fully operational forecast of Med Sea biogeochemistry, integrated in the pan_EU MyO infrastructure
 - ❑ data assimilation of surface chl and nominal products in catalogue (6 operational variables + 10 years run)
 - ❑ tools developed in R&D activities are now operatively ready for NRT comparison with GOS-ISAC-CNR satellite estimates \Rightarrow validation website
- ❑ **MyO2:**
 - ❑ development of DA + upgrade model $1/8^\circ \rightarrow 1/16^\circ$
 - ❑ 10 yrs run MyO evaluation + new 10 yrs re-analysis
- ❑ **Ongoing R&D:**
 - ❑ coupling with ECOSIM, with other OGCMs, development in framework of BFM consortium
 - ❑ daily 3DVAR re-initialization during analysis, daily chl sat data
- ❑ **OPEC:** pre-operational assessment of “ecosystem services” following MSFD on Lower and Higher Trophic Levels



**Many Thanks for
your kind attention**

References:

<http://www.myocean.eu/>

<http://www.marineopec.eu/>

<http://poseidon.ogs.trieste.it/cgi-bin/opaopech/myocean>



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